EASTERN KARBI ANGLONG COLLEGE Sarihajan, Karbi Anglong, Assam



Key Indicator

7.1 Institutional Values and Social Responsibilities

Metric No. 7.1.6

Quality audits on environment and energy are regularly undertaken by the institution

7.1.6.1 - The institutional environment and energy initiatives are confirmed through the following 1.Green audit 2. Energy audit3.Environment audit 4.Clean and green campus



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- 1.Green audit
- 2. Energy audit
- 3. Environment audit

The institution prioritizes sustainability and environmental responsibility as integral components of its mission. To ensure a comprehensive approach to ecological preservation and energy efficiency, the institution undertakes structured audits, recognition programs, and community-driven initiatives.

Confirming Environmental and Energy Initiatives

1. Green Audit

The institution conducts regular green audits to assess its environmental practices and ensure compliance with sustainable standards.

Key Areas Audited:

- Tree plantation and green cover management.
- Waste segregation and recycling mechanisms.
- Water conservation and rainwater harvesting systems.

Objectives of the Green Audit Cell in the College

1. Environmental Awareness

To raise awareness among students, staff, and faculty about environmental issues and sustainability practices, promoting a culture of eco-consciousness across the campus.

2. Assessment of Environmental Impact

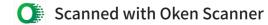
To conduct regular assessments and audits of the college's activities and infrastructure to evaluate their environmental impact, including energy consumption, water usage, waste generation, and carbon footprint.

3. Sustainable Practices Promotion

To encourage the adoption of sustainable practices on campus, such as waste segregation, water conservation, energy efficiency, and the reduction of plastic usage, through educational programs and workshops.

4. Resource Conservation

To develop strategies for the efficient use of resources, aiming to reduce waste, conserve water and energy thereby minimizing the ecological footprint of the college.



Noise Pollution Management:

College campus is free from pressure horns, so the staffs and students are asked to keep the campus noise free.



Soil Pollution Management:

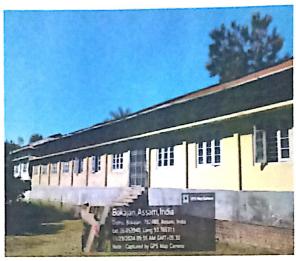
The college has been trying to keep the campus plastic free by creating awareness in the college among thestaffs and students by displaying boards as shown below:



Rain Water Harvesting

Installation of rain water harvesting in the college has been carried out. The rain water coming from the tops are collected in a litre syntax as shown below:





No smoking Zone

Display boards on no smoking is presented in the campus, thereby creating awareness. It is shown here as below:



Tree Plantation Programme

Tree plantation Programme has been carried out in the college. Some of the pics are attached herewith:



Air pollution management:

Every year varieties of herbs, shrubs, and trees are planted in the college campus to improve air quality and grasp the carbon dioxide emitted from motor vehicles, air conditioners, refrigerators, etc. Below is a list of the plants currently found on the campus, provided in Table 1.

Table 1: Checklist of plants present in the campus

Serial	Local name	Scientific Name	Family
no.			
1	Sthalakamal	Hibiscus mutabilis	Malvaceae
2	Duranta	Duranta repens	Verbenaceae
3	Bagan sonaru	Cassia siamea	Fabaceae
4	White Kanchan	Bauhinia acuminata	Fabaceae
5	Deodar	Polyalthealongifolium	Annonaceae
6	Cashew	Anacardium occidentale	Anacardiaceae
7	Monisal	Sapindusmukorossi	Sapindaceae
8	Rangul	<i>Ixora</i> sp	Rubiaceae
9	Joba	Hibiscus rosa- sinensis	Malvaceae
10	Sewali	Nyctanthes arbour-tristis	Oleaceae
11	Garden Croton	Codiaeum variegatum	Euphorbiaceae
12	Bogori	Ziziphus mauritiana	Rhamnaceae
13	Star pine	Araucaria heterophylla	Araucariaceae
14	Bokul	Mimusopselengi	Sapotaceae
15	Thuja	Thuja occidentalis	Cupressaceae
16	Mussaenda	Mussaendasp	Rubiaceae
17	Mango	Mangifera indica	Anacardiaceae
18	Chir pine	Pinus roxburghii	Pinaceae
19	Azalea	Rhododendron sp	Ericaceae
20	Putranjiva plant	Putranjivaroxburhii	Euphorbiaceae
21	Neem	Azadirachta indica	Meliaceae

22	Madhuri	Psidium guajava	Myrtaceae
23	Lychee	Litchi chinensis	Sapindaceae
24	Khejur	Phoenix dactylifera	Arecaceae
25	Dalim	Punica granatum	Lythraceae
26	Khorikajar	Jasminum elongatum	Oleaceae
27	Gulonch	Plumeria sp.	Apocynaceae
28	Hedge	Clerodendrum inerme	Lamiaceae
29	Cycas	Cycas revoluta	Cycadaceae
30	BilatiSonaru	Cassia javanica	Fabaceae
31	Nahor	Mesua ferrea	Callophyllaceae
32	Pink Joba	Hibiscus sp.	Malvaceae
33	Bonsum	Phoebe hainesiana	Lauraceae
34	Gomari	Gmelina arborea	Lamiaceae

Energy Audit

Energy audits are performed to evaluate energy consumption patterns and identify opportunities for efficiency improvements.

Focus Areas:

- o Monitoring electricity usage in academic, residential, and administrative buildings.
- Integration of renewable energy sources, such as solar panels.
- Installation of energy-efficient appliances and LED lighting.